LEVITON

Demystifying ENTERPRISE FIBER NETWORKS

New options, best practices, and smart choices for less complexity and more flexibility.



Adrian Young Leviton Network Solutions



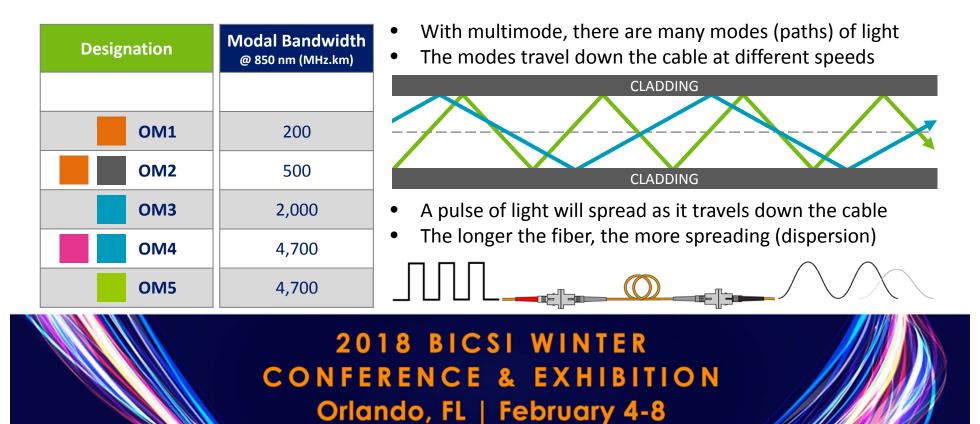
In This Session

- Multimode fiber types
- How many fibers do I need for my application?
- Future IEEE and non IEEE applications
 - Will my existing fiber plant support these?
- Connector choices
- MPO trunk cables and conversion cassettes

Fiber Types

Distance Matters

Which Multimode Fiber Do You Have or Choose?



Which Multimode Fiber Do You Have or Choose?



Duplex LC

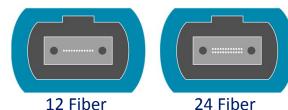




Designation	Modal Bandwidth @ 850 nm (MHz.km)	1000BASE-SX		10GBASE-SR		40GBASE-SR4		100GBASE-SR4	
		Meters	Feet	Meters	Feet	Meters	Feet	Meters	Feet
—	160	225	738	26	85				
OM1	200	275	902	33	82	_	—	_	—
OM2	500	550	1,808	82	269				
OM3	2,000	860	2,822	300	984	100	328	100	328
OM4	4 700	860	2,822	400	1,312	150	492	150	492
OM5	4,700								

The MPO Connector

- Also referred to as MTP
 - MTP is a registered trademark of US Conec
 - MTPs are compliant with IEC Standard 61754-7 and TIA 604-5 Type MPO
 - Typically provides better performance than standard MPOs



MTPs trunk cables can support traditional LC duplex transceivers with the addition of breakout cassettes

Do I Have To Replace My Links With MPO?

- There are 40 Gb/s solutions than run over duplex links today
- Cisco QSFP-40G-SR-BD
 - 30 m over OM2, 100 m over OM3, 150 m over OM4
 - Transmits and receives on the same fiber using two wavelengths



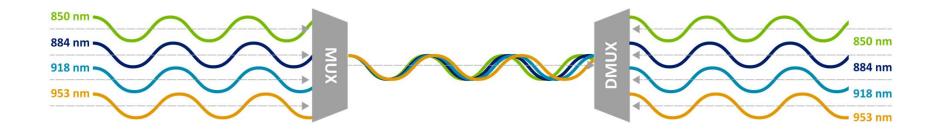
Do I Have To Replace My Links With MPO?

- There are 40 Gb/s solutions than run over duplex links today
- Arista QSFP-40G-UNIV
 - 150 m over OM3/OM4, transmitting on four wavelengths



Short Wave Division Multiplexing (SWDM)

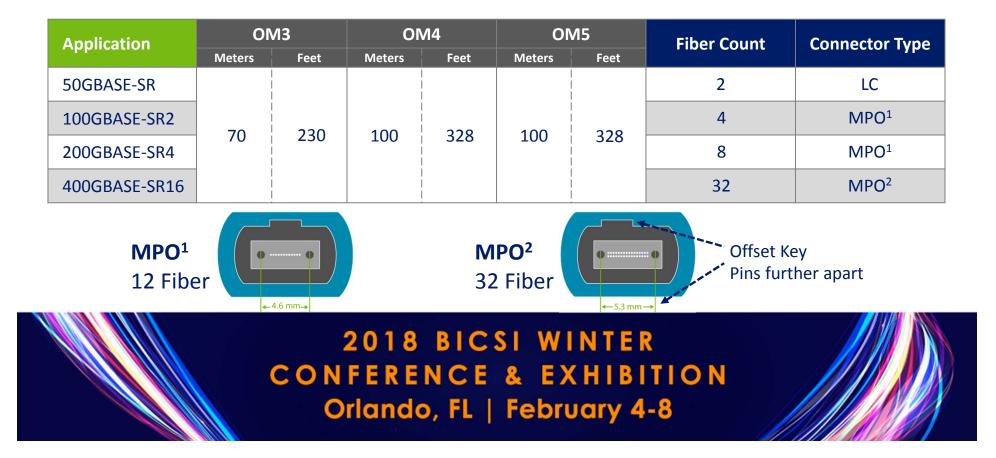
• Transmitting four wavelengths on a single multimode fiber



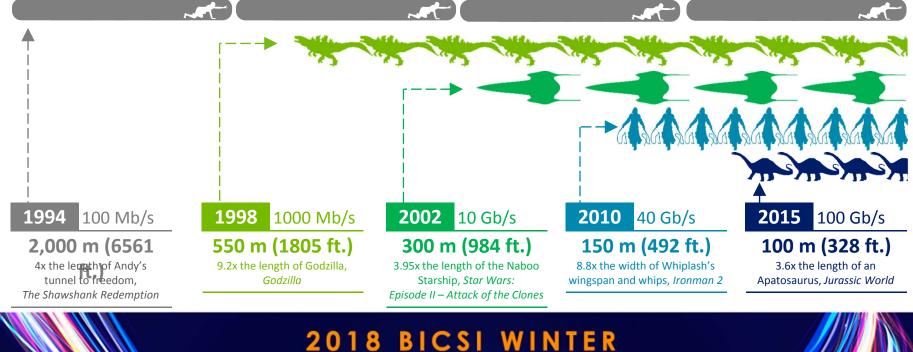
SR4 vs. SWDM



Future Multimode IEEE Ethernet Applications

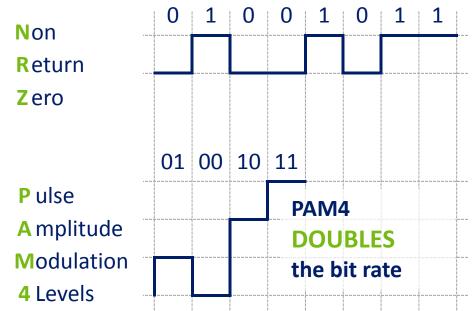


Reduction in Supported Lengths (Multimode)



Future Single-Mode IEEE Ethernet Applications

- 50GBASE-FR (Duplex)
 - 2 km, using PAM4
- 50GBASE-LR (Duplex)
 10 km, using PAM4
- 100GBASE-DR (Duplex)
 500 m, using PAM4
- 200GBASE-DR4 (Duplex)
 - 2 km, using PAM4



Future Single-Mode IEEE Ethernet Applications

Application	OS1/OS2		PAM4	WDM	Fiber Count	Connector Type	
Application	Meters	Feet				connector rype	
50GBASE-FR	2,000	6,561	Yes	No	2	LC	
50GBASE-LR	10,000	32,736	Yes	No	2	LC	
100GBASE-DR	500	1,640	Yes	No	2	LC	
200GBASE-DR4	500	1,640	Yes	No	8	MPO	
200GBASE-FR4	2,000	6,561	Yes	4	2	LC	
200GBASE-LR4	10,000	32,736	Yes	4	2	LC	
400GBASE-FR8	2,000	6,561	Yes	8	2	LC	
400GBASE-LR8	10,000	32,736	Yes	8	2	LC	

Connector Options

Termination Options

Transceiver Fiber Interfaces

Most common SC, LC, and MPO



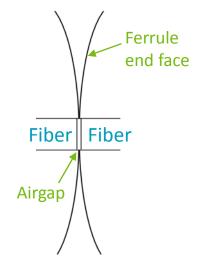
SC/LC Termination Options

- Field Polish
 - Ideal for smaller installations
 - Craft sensitive
 - Labor costs a consideration
 - Consumables
 - Polishing paper
 - Concerns meeting updated TIA single-mode return loss (reflectance) requirements



Return Loss (Reflectance)

- This is the reflection of light back into the transceiver
- Most common cause is the airgap between connectors
 - Polishing the ceramic end face results in an undercut
 - When two connectors are mated, there is small airgap between them
 - Bigger the airgap: Worse the return loss (reflectance)
- With higher speeds, now a concern in the enterprise



SC/LC Termination Options

- Mechanical
 - Faster termination than field polish
 - Less craft sensitive
 - Factory polished end faces
 - Consumables
 - Better insertion loss
 - Better return loss (reflectance)
 - Less consumables
 - No polishing papers
 - Precision cleaver required



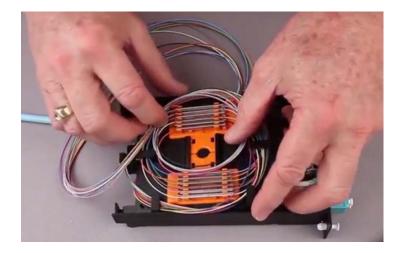


SC/LC Termination Options

- Pigtail Fusion Splice
 - Factory polished connectors
 - Excellent insertion/return loss
 - Precision cleaver and splicer required



- Skill in dressing splice trays



MPO Trunks Offer Flexibility

With an MPO trunk cable, you get to choose interface connector



Orlando, FL | February 4-8

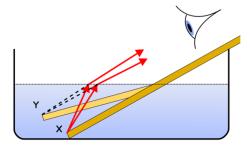
MPO Trunks Offer Flexibility

With an MPO trunk cable, you get to choose interface connector



Minimizing Return Loss (Reflectance)

- Put an 8 degree angle on the end face
- Any reflected light is forced into the cladding
- Angled Physical Contact connector (APC)
- APC connector housing is green
 - Avoids mixing PC and APC connectors
- Concatenated links (many connections) can result in optical return loss issues if return loss (reflectance) is not controlled
- IEEE 802.3cd (in progress) specifying discrete reflectance



Takeaways

- Supported distances on multimode continue to decrease
- Proprietary technologies to reuse existing duplex links now available
- OM5 offers an advantage over OM4/3 only for SWDM technologies
- MPO trunk cables offer flexibility for those who cannot decide
- 24-fiber multimode MPO cables cover you from 100 Mb/s to 100 Gb/s
- Field polished single-mode connectors may not support ≥100 Gb/s
- Concatenated singlemode links may benefit from APC connectors

Thank You

